§ 94.6

Reading Room hours of operation are 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number of the EPA/DC Public Reading Room is (202) 566–1744, and the telephone number for the Air Docket is (202) 566–1742. These approved materials are also available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call (202) 741–6030 or go to http://www.archives.gov/

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ibr_locations.html. In addition, these materials are available from the sources listed below.

- (a) ASTM material. Copies of these materials may be obtained from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Dr., P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428–2959, or by calling (877) 909–ASTM, or at http://www.astm.org.
- (1) ASTM D86-01, Standard Test Method for Distillation of Petroleum Products at Atmospheric Pressure, IBR approved for §94.108.
- (2) ASTM D93-09 (Approved December 15, 2009), Standard Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Tester, IBR approved for §94.108.
- (3) ASTM D129-00, Standard Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum Products (General Bomb Method), IBR approved for §94.108.
- (4) ASTM D287-92 (Reapproved 2000), Standard Test Method for API Gravity of Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products (Hydrometer Method), IBR approved for §94.108.
- (5) ASTM D445-09 (Approved July 1, 2009), Standard Test Method for Kinematic Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (and Calculation of Dynamic Viscosity), IBR approved for §94.108.
- (6) ASTM D613-01, Standard Test Method for Cetane Number of Diesel Fuel Oil, IBR approved for §94.108.
- (7) ASTM D1319-02a, Standard Test Method for Hydrocarbon Types in Liquid Petroleum Products by Fluorescent Indicator Adsorption, IBR approved for §94.108.
- (8) ASTM D2622-98, Standard Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum Products by Wavelength Dispersive X-ray

Fluorescence Spectrometry, IBR approved for §94.108.

- (9) ASTM D5186-99, Standard Test Method for Determination of the Aromatic Content and Polynuclear Aromatic Content of Diesel Fuels and Aviation Turbine Fuels by Supercritical Fluid Chromatography, IBR approved for §94.108.
- (10) ASTM E 29-02, Standard Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications, IBR approved for §94.2.
- (b) IMO material. Copies of these materials may be obtained from the International Maritime Organization, 4 Albert Embankment, London SE1 7SR, United Kingdom, or by calling +44–(0)020-7735-7611, or at http://www.imo.org.
- (1) Resolution 2—Technical Code on Control of Emission of Nitrogen Oxides from Marine Diesel Engines, 1997, IBR approved for §§ 94.2, 94.11, 94.108, 94.109, 94.204, 94.211, 94.1004.
 - (2) [Reserved]
- (c) ISO material. Copies of these materials may be obtained from the International Organization for Standardization, 1, ch. de la Voie-Creuse, CP 56, CH-1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland, or by calling +41-22-749-01-11, or at http://www.iso.org.
- (1) ISO 8178-1, Reciprocating internal combustion engines—Exhaust emission measurement—Part 1: Test-bed measurement of gaseous and particulate exhaust emissions, 1996, IBR approved for §94.109.
 - (2) [Reserved]

[77 FR 2463, Jan. 18, 2012]

§94.6 Regulatory structure.

This section provides an overview of the regulatory structure of this part.

- (a) The regulations of this Part 94 are intended to control emissions from inuse marine engines.
- (b) The engines for which the regulations of this part (i.e., 40 CFR part 94) apply are specified by §94.1, and by the definitions of §94.2. The point at which an engine or vessel becomes subject to the regulations of this part is determined by the definitions of new marine engine and new marine vessel in §94.2. Subpart J of this part contains provisions exempting certain engines and

vessels from the emission standards in this part under special circumstances.

- (c) To comply with the requirements of this part, a manufacturer must demonstrate to EPA that the engine meets the applicable standards of §§ 94.7 and 94.8, and all other requirements of this part. The requirements of this certification process are described in subparts C and D of this part.
- (d) Subpart B of this part specifies procedures and equipment to be used for conducting emission tests for the purpose of the regulations of this part.
- (e) Subparts E, F, and H of this part specify requirements for manufacturers after certification; that is during production and use of the engines.
- (f) Subpart I of this part contains requirements applicable to the importation of marine engines covered by the provisions of this part.
- (g) Subpart L of this part describes prohibited acts and contains other enforcement provisions relating to marine engines and vessels covered by the provisions of this part.
- (h) Unless specified otherwise, the provisions of this part apply to all marine engines and vessels subject to the emission standards of this part.

§ 94.7 General standards and requirements.

- (a) Marine engines and vessels may not be equipped with a defeat device.
- (b) An engine may not be equipped with an emission control system for the purpose of complying with emission standards if such a system will cause or contribute to an unreasonable risk to public health, welfare, or safety in its operation or function.
- (c) You may not design your engines with emission-control devices, systems, or elements of design that cause or contribute to an unreasonable risk to public health, welfare, or safety while operating. For example, this would apply if the engine emits a noxious or toxic substance it would otherwise not emit that contributes to such an unreasonable risk.
- (d) Manufacturers shall ensure that all engines subject to the emission standards of this part are equipped with a connection in the engine exhaust system that is located downstream of the engine and before any

point at which the exhaust contacts water (or any other cooling/scrubbing medium) for the temporary attachment of gaseous and/or particulate emission sampling equipment. Use good engineering judgment to locate the connection. This connection shall be internally threaded with standard pipe threads of a size not larger than onehalf inch, and shall be closed by a pipeplug when not in use. Equivalent connections are allowed. Engine manufacturers may comply with this requirement by providing vessel manufacturers with clear instructions explaining how to meet this requirement, and noting in the instructions that failure to comply may subject the vessel manufacturer to federal penalties. Vessel manufacturers are required to comply with the engine manufacturer's instructions.

(e) Electronically controlled engines subject to the emission standards of this part shall broadcast on engine's controller area networks engine torque (as percent of maximum torque at that speed) and engine speed.

[64 FR 73331, Dec. 29, 1999, as amended at 67 FR 68341, Nov. 8, 2002; 68 FR 9782, Feb. 28, 2003]

§94.8 Exhaust emission standards.

- (a) The Tier 1 standards of paragraph (a)(1) of this section apply until replaced by the standards of paragraph (a)(2) of this section.
- (1) Tier 1 standards. NO_X emissions from model year 2004 and later engines with displacement of 2.5 or more liters per cylinder may not exceed the following values:
- (i) 17.0 g/kW-hr when maximum test speed is less than 130 rpm.
- (ii) $45.0 \times N^{-0.20}$ when maximum test speed is at least 130 but less than 2000 rpm, where N is the maximum test speed of the engine in revolutions per minute.

(Note: Round speed-dependent standards to the nearest 0.1 $\mathrm{g/kW\text{-}hr.}$)

- (iii) 9.8 g/kW-hr when maximum test speed is 2000 rpm or more.
- (2) Tier 2 standards. (i) Exhaust emissions from marine compression-ignition engines shall not exceed the applicable Tier 2 exhaust emission standards contained in Table A-1 as follows: